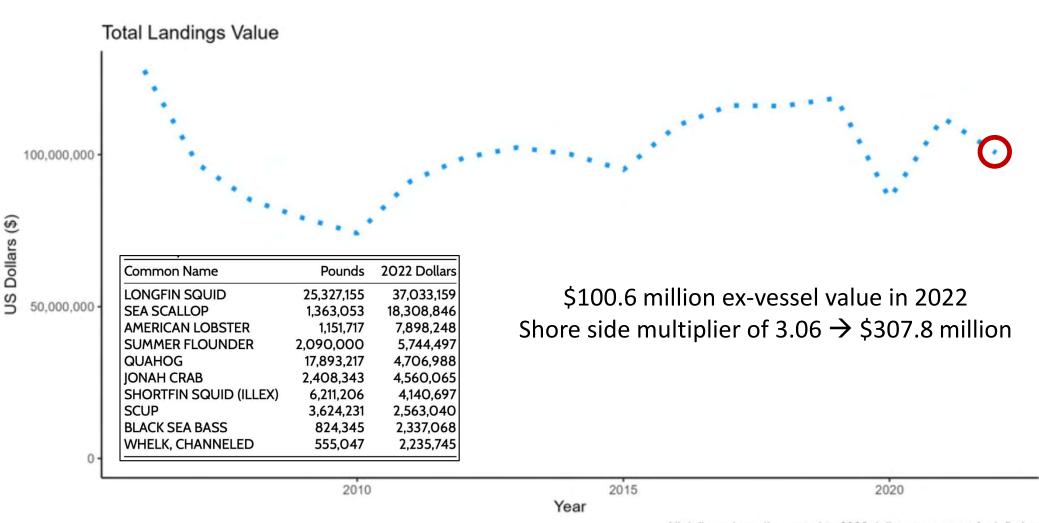
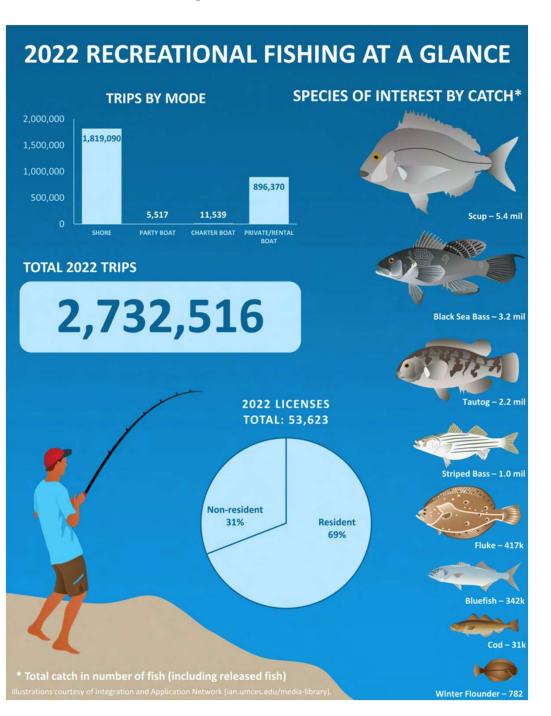


Importance of Fisheries to Rhode Island

Commercial fisheries represent a significant component of Rhode Island's economy.

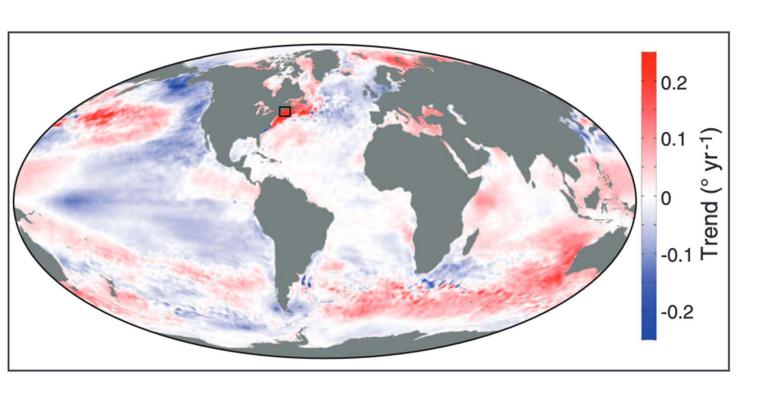


Importance of Fisheries to Rhode Island

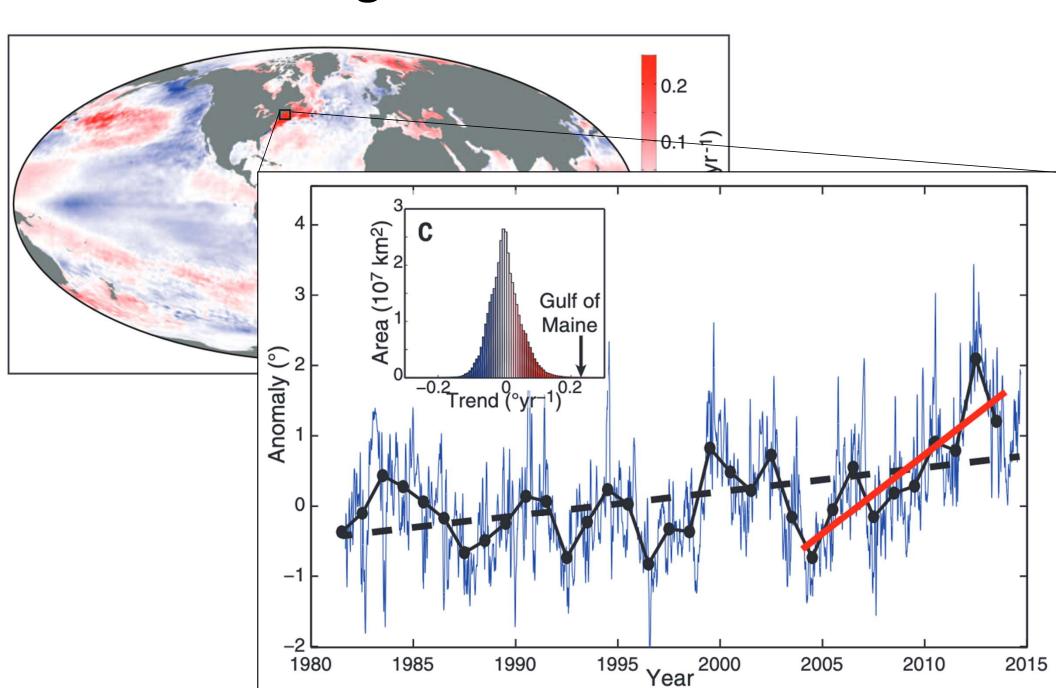


Recreational fisheries also represent a significant portion of harvest and support both recreation and the economy.

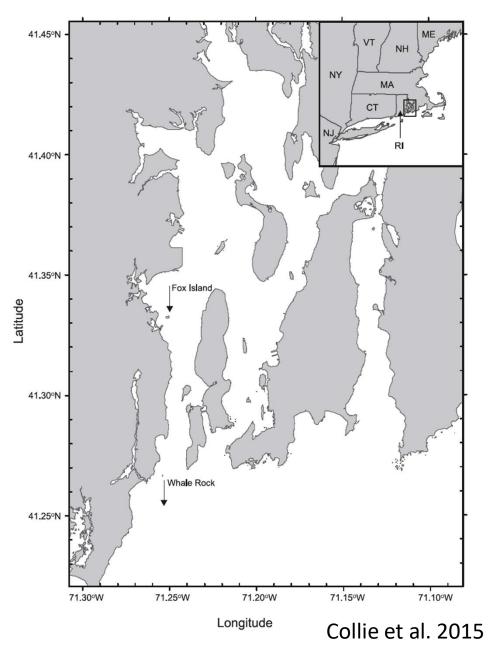
A Warming Northeast United States



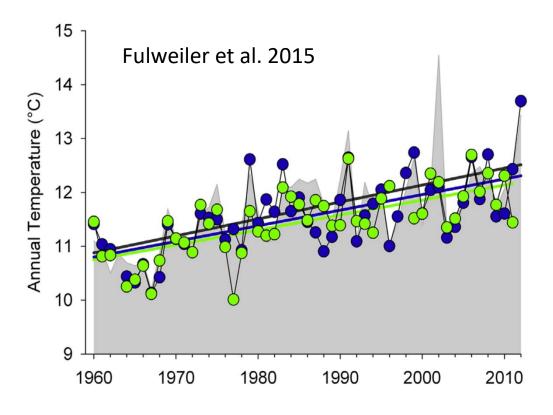
A Warming Northeast United States



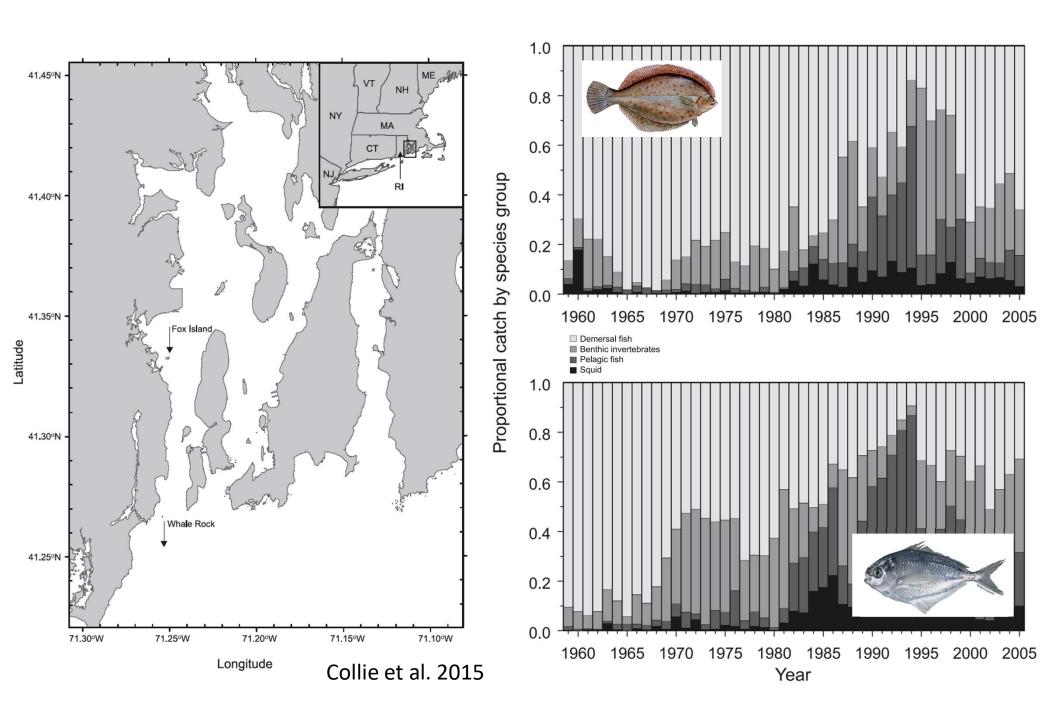
Changing Narragansett Bay Ecosystem



Sea surface temperature has increased in the Bay over time.

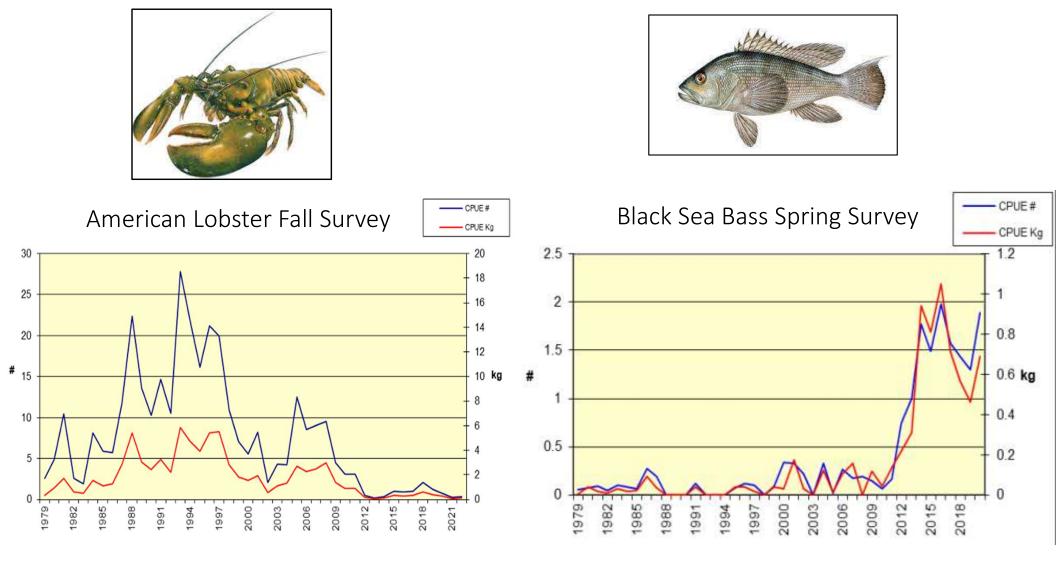


Changing Narragansett Bay Ecosystem

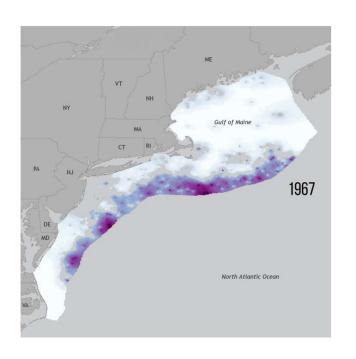


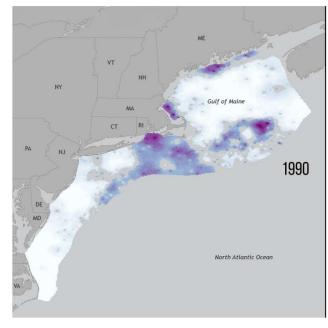
Winners and Losers of Climate Change

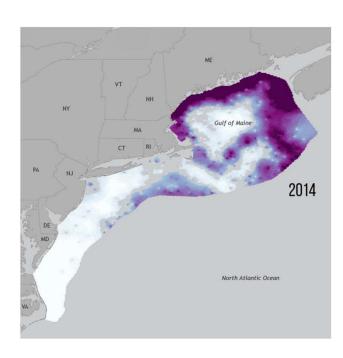
As Narragansett Bay waters warm, there will be climate change 'winner' and 'loser' species.



Lobster Biomass Shift North



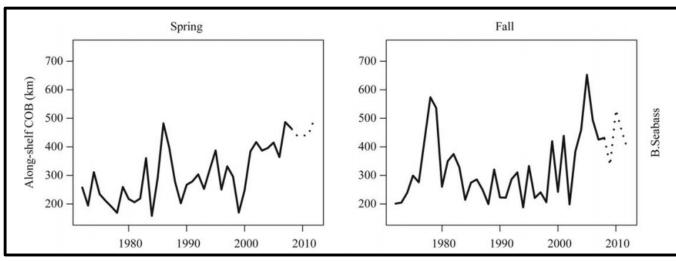




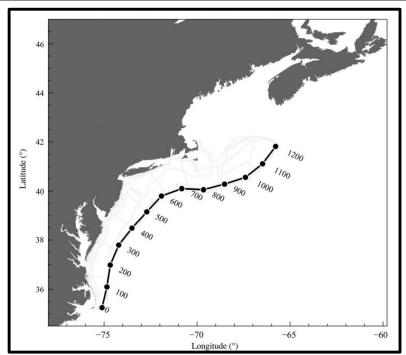
Pre-Lobster Boom SNE Boom GOM Boom

Black Sea Bass Expansion North

Warm waters have led to northern expansion.



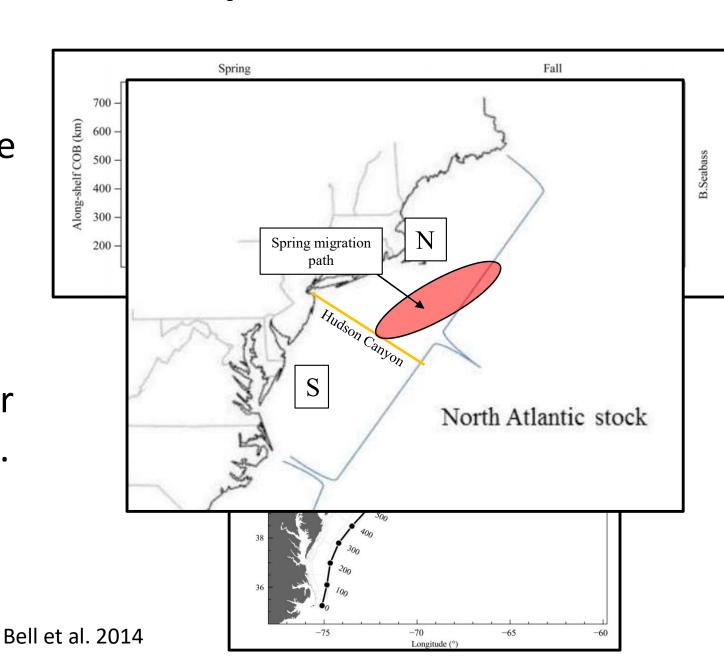
Better overwinter survival offshore.



Black Sea Bass Expansion North

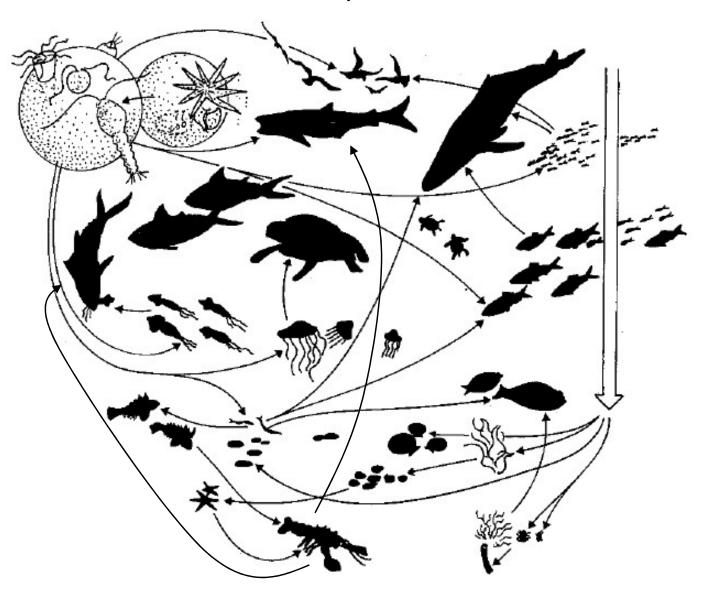
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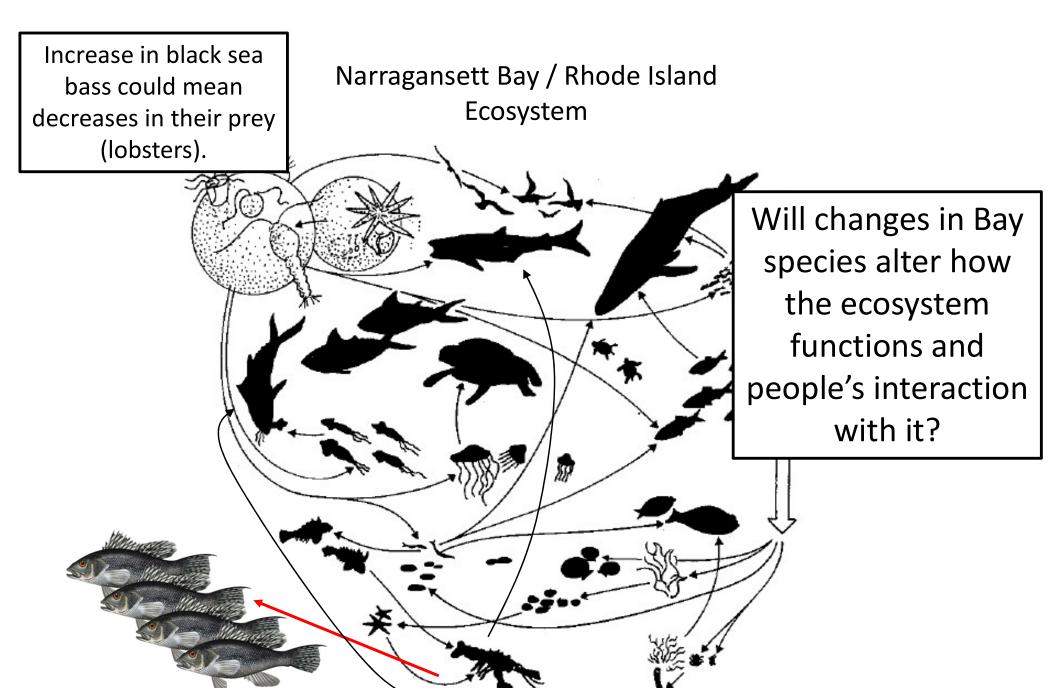


As the players change, how do the ecosystems?

Narragansett Bay / Rhode Island Ecosystem



As the players change, how do the ecosystems?



Hard clam, or Quahogs

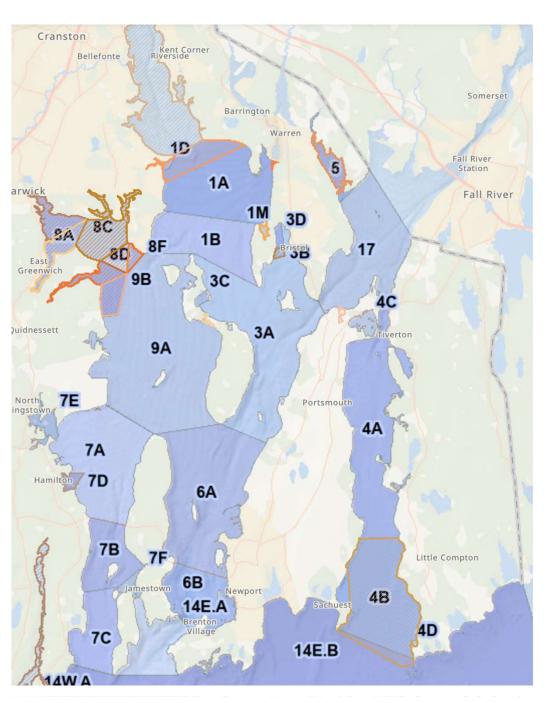
- Filter-feeding bivalves
- Prefer complex-sandy substrate.
- Strong recreational, commercial, and cultural significance.
- Various market classes
 - Chowders
 - Cherry Stones
 - Top Necks
 - Little Necks

Increase in size



Credit: Jeff Mercer

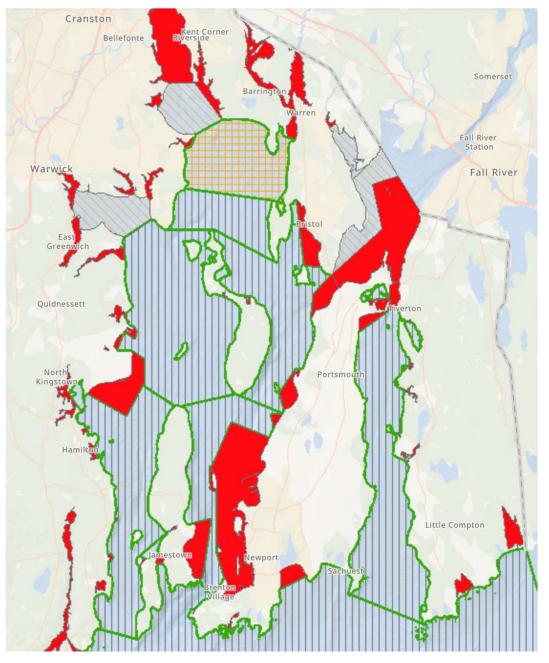
RI Shellfish Management



Shellfish Management Areas

- Implement regulations on harvesting quahogs.
 - Size (1" hinge width).
 - Possession limit (bushels).
 - Weekly and seasonal openings.
- Areas where shellfish are harvested are reported to dealers to track fishing effort spatially.

RI Shellfish Management



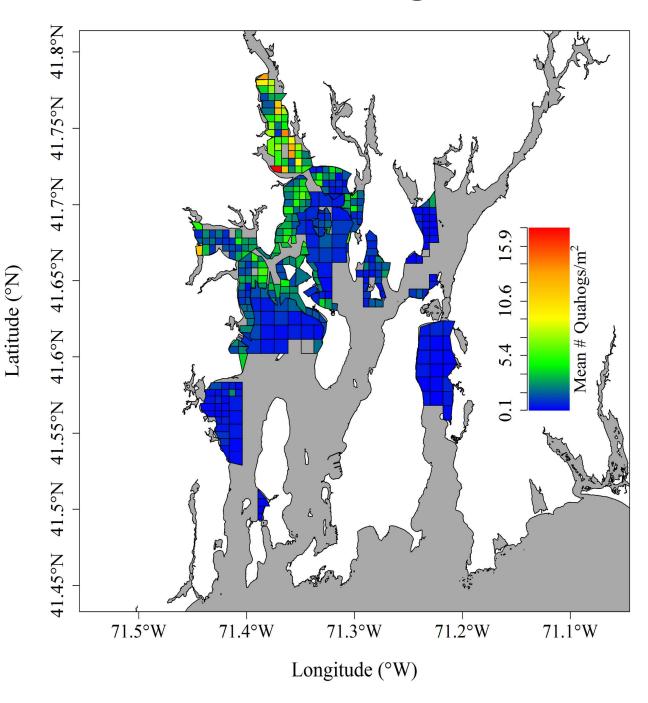
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Water Quality

- Areas permanently closed to shellfish harvest due to effluent runoff. (Greenwich Bay Coves).
- Conditionally closed during high rainfall events and increased effluent loading (Lower Providence River, Upper Narragansett Bay).

Quahog Abundance Data

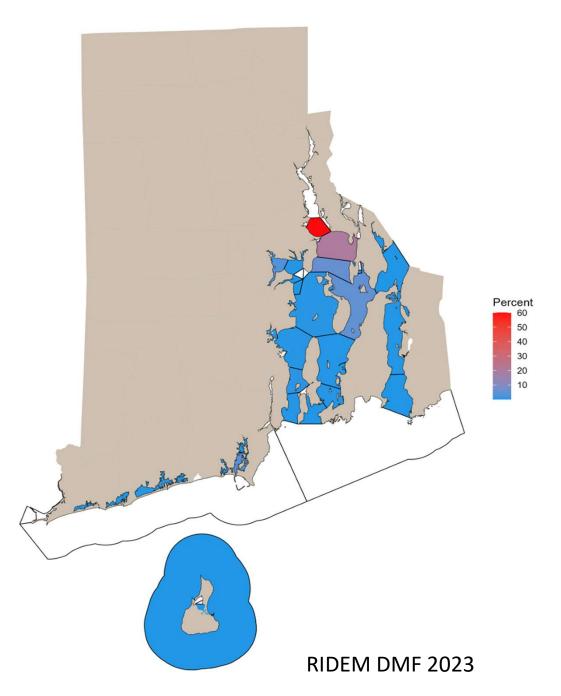


Dredge surveys used to monitor the population.

Greatest densities have been in northern or inner regions of the Bay (often tied with water quality closures).



Quahog Landings Spatially



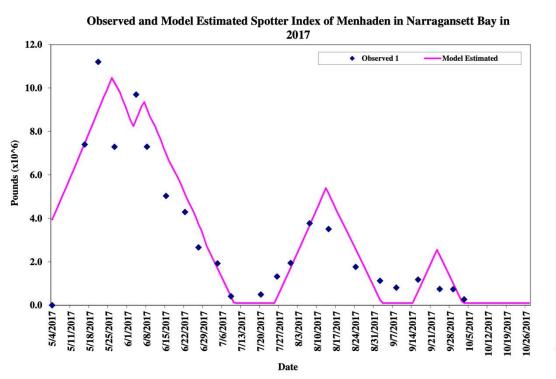
Greenwich Bay and Upper Narragansett Bay have long been major harvest areas.

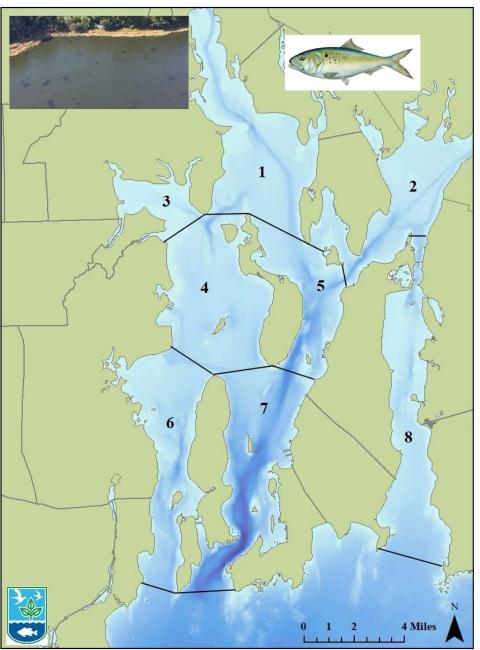
Since opening the lower Providence River, the area can now constitute for up to 60% of landings annually (2022).

Opening of this area highlights the changing fishery dynamics based on the interactions between water quality and marine fisheries

Narragansett Bay Menhaden

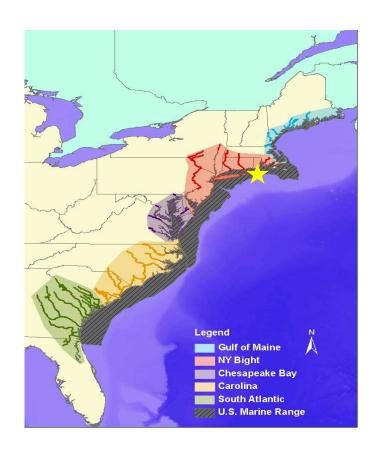
- Menhaden support a range of uses for the Narragansett Bay ecosystem (e.g. commercial fisheries and prey species).
- Spotter pilot survey data used to estimate menhaden biomass in the Bay and inform commercial harvest management.
- Biomass moving into the Bay each year is highly variable - what drives this variability?





Atlantic Sturgeon

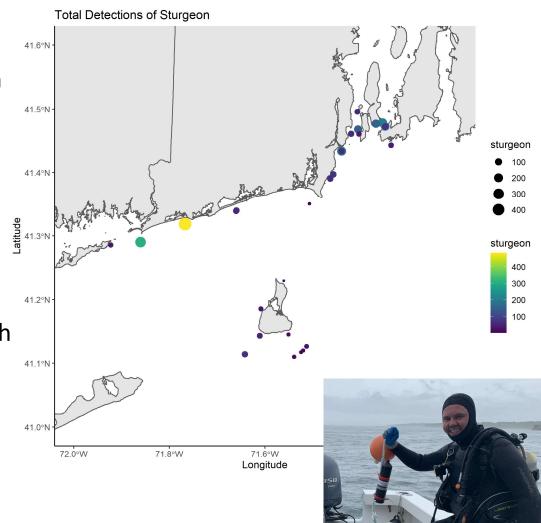
- Historically Atlantic sturgeon spawned in the Taunton River, which is connected to the Atlantic by RI waters (e.g. Mt. Hope Bay, Narragansett Bay, Sakonnet River).
- No evidence of spawning of Atlantic in the Taunton River in the last 20 years.
- Sturgeon continue to use habitats within the Taunton River, Narragansett Bay and Sakonnet River, as well as RI's coastal waters as part of their overall marine range.





Atlantic Sturgeon

- Prior to 2018, very little information regarding if/when/where Atlantic sturgeon are using Rhode Island waters.
- In 2019, RIDMF and the Atlantic Shark Institute developed an acoustic receiver network that "listens" for acousticallytagged fish.
- Through partnerships and data sharing with other scientists, new insights on how fish utilize Rhode Island waters and Narragansett Bay are available.





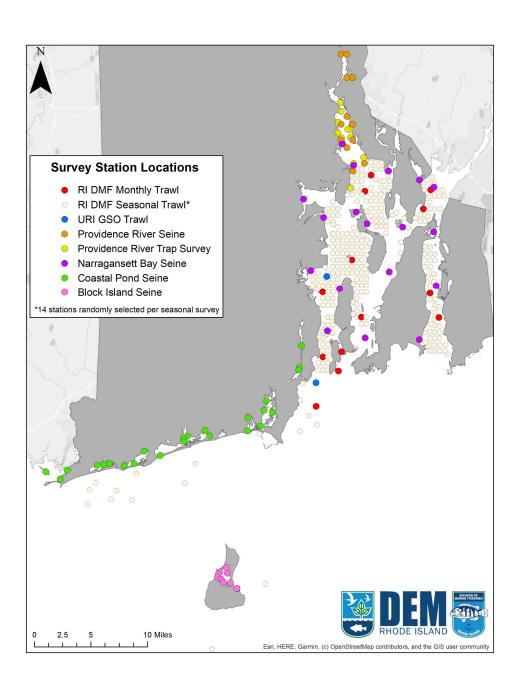




Blue Crab

- Blue crabs have historically been low in abundance in Rhode Island, particularly compared to southern areas like the Chesapeake Bay.
- Increased interest in trying to quantify how blue crabs populations have changed in Rhode Island over time.



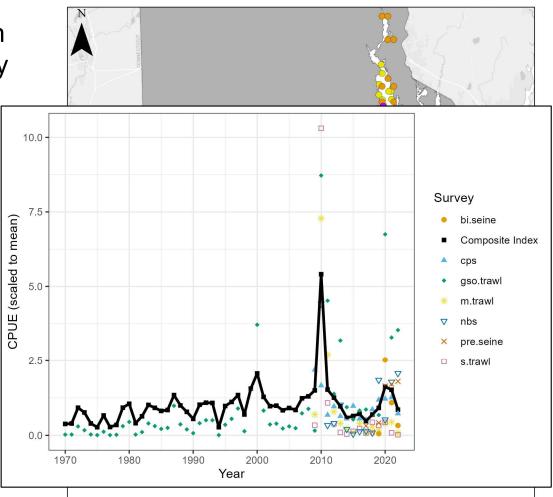


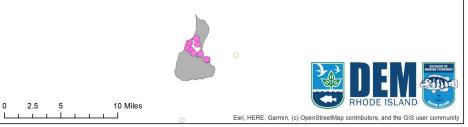
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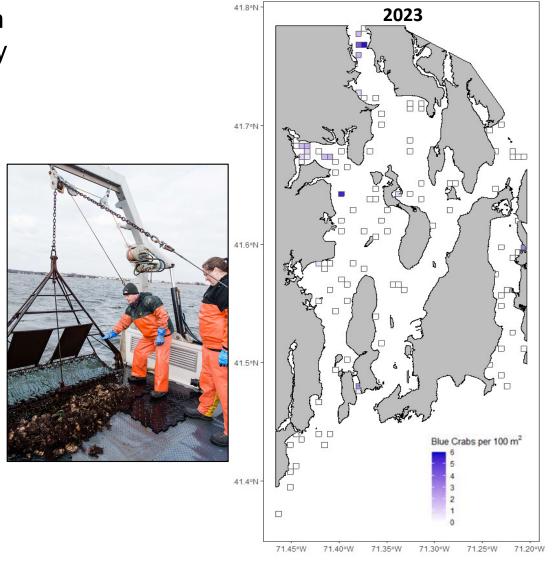




Blue Crab

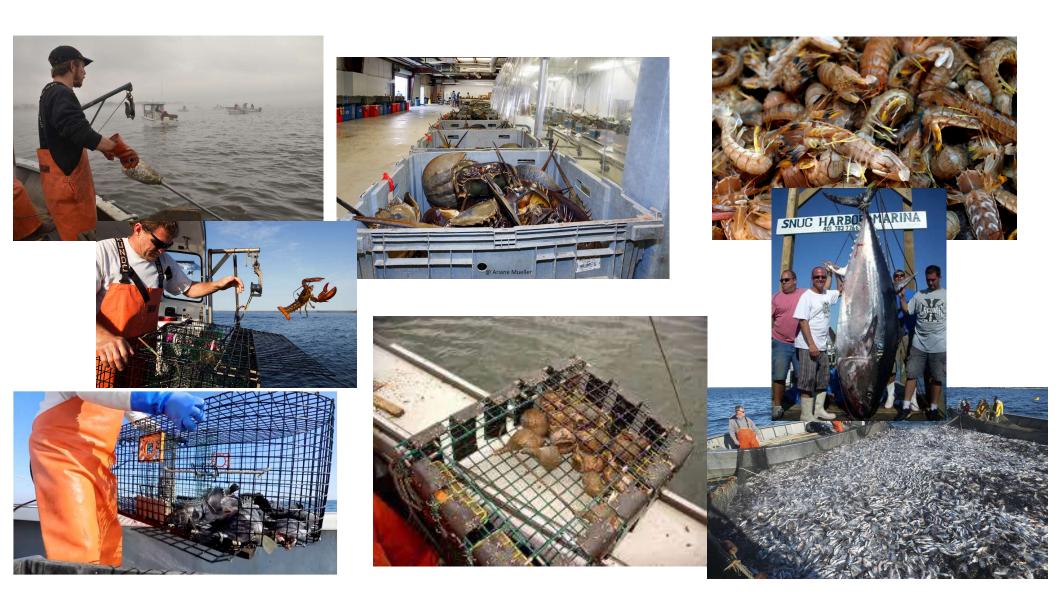
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The Future of Fisheries in Under Climate Change

Decline in major, single fisheries has led to greater diversity in the fisheries that harvesters participate in \rightarrow portfolio fishing.



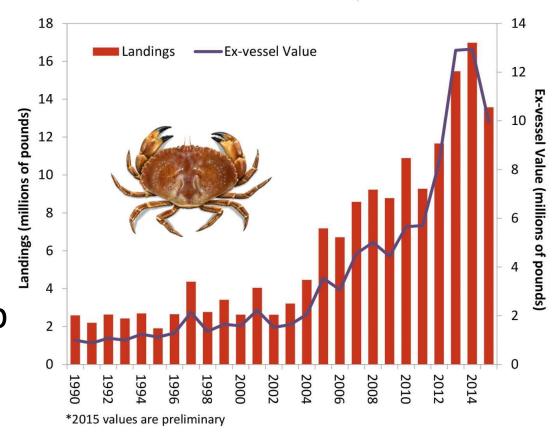
Lobster Fishery Adaptation Under Climate Change

Jonah Crab Example

- A common bycatch species in lobster traps.
- Landings increased with:
 - Fewer lobsters in SNE.
 - Increase in prices and demand for other crab species.

Jonah Crab Landings and Ex-vessel Value

Source: ACCSP Data Warehouse, 2016





Harvesting History – Rhode Island Quahog Landings

