



### **HEAD- STARTING**

as a Conservation Tool



# Head-Starting Rare Turtles

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Plymouth (Northern) Redbelly Cooters

Blanding's Turtle

Spotted Turtle

**Snapping Turtle** 

Wood Turtle

Common Map Turtle

11 Species Chicken Turtle

Eastern Box Turtle

Chinese Box Turtle

Eastern Painted Turtle

Diamondback Terrapin

2,147 released head-starts released to date.



### Head-Starting Rare Turtles

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#### Our Partners





#### Savannah River Ecology Laboratory

UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA







MASSWILDLIFE turtle survival alliance

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### Head-Starting Rare Turtles

### Topic Outline

- I. Define & Explain Head-Starting
- II. History of Head-Starting
- III. Criticism & Concerns
- IV. (Our) Head-Starting Process
- V. Value of Good ol' Natural History



Head-Starting: (verb) raising young animals in captivity until they have passed the most vulnerable stages of life (me, just now).

There is no single, accepted definition or process.







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Create illusion of extended summer by manipulating temperatures and photoperiod ...



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...in order to keep (i.e., trick) ectotherms metabolically active and (hopefully) growing.



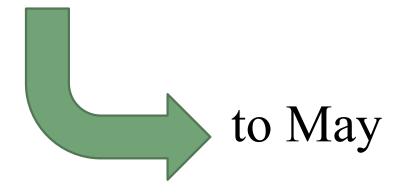
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### From September







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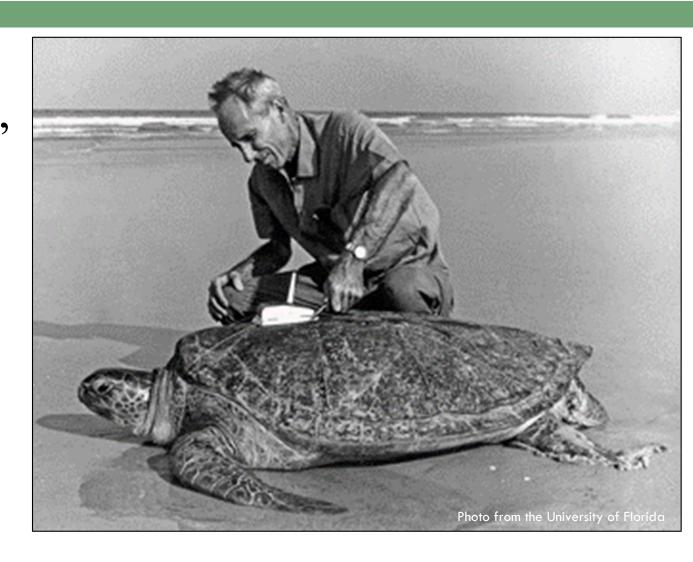


Increasing size increases survivorship.





Term
"head-starting"
often
credited to
Archie Carr.





#### First official head-start program began in 1978.



Ended in 1988.





First official head-start program in the Northeast began in 1984.



Still going today.





# Head-starting has been used for many species since, mostly herps and a few fishes.





... and MANY turtles.









Eastern Spadefoot Head-Start





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- 1. Head-starts will be anatomically or physiologically abnormal (because of the accelerated growth).
- 2. Head-starts will try to "home" to the head-start facility.
- 3. Head-starts won't know how to survive in the wild.
- 4. "Half-way technology" and doesn't address the root causes.

(Nearly) All are valid concerns.

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1. Head-starts will be anatomically or physiologically abnormal.

Need proper lighting, diet, space and attitude.







#### 2. Head-starts will try to return to the head-start facility.



Nesting sites are ephemeral, except ocean beaches.





3. Head-starts won't know how to survive in the wild.

**REALLY?** 

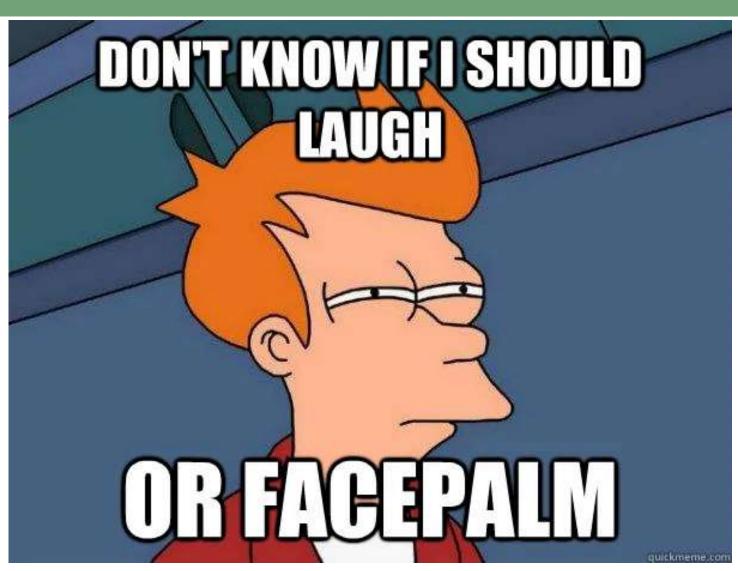
This is an issue for species who's young learn from parents.



... not our understanding of turtle biology.



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4. "Half-way technology" that doesn't address the root causes.



Head-starting only addresses predation.







#### THIS WAS NEVER THE PROBLEM!



Head-starting is only a treatment of a symptom. Any "cure" must address: Consumption Market



Don't hold your breath.

Introduced Species/Disease
Subsidized Nest Predators
Illegal Pet Trade
Road Mortality
Habitat Loss



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Addressing root causes is like long-term wellness.

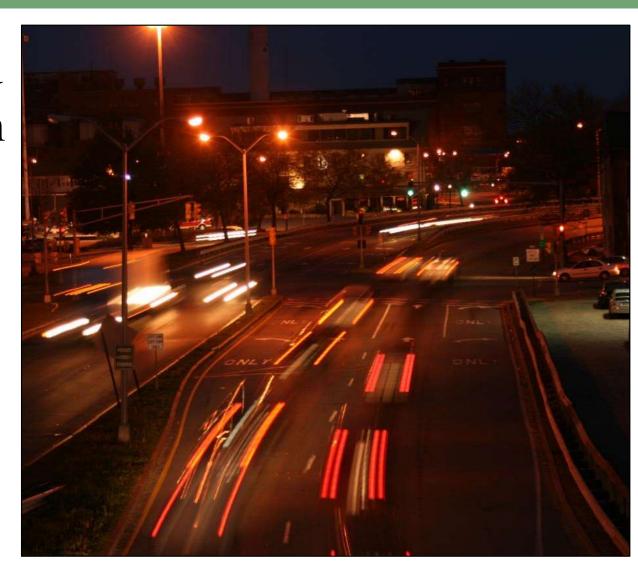
Head-starting is more like emergency care.





Wildlife will need management in an extremely altered habitat.

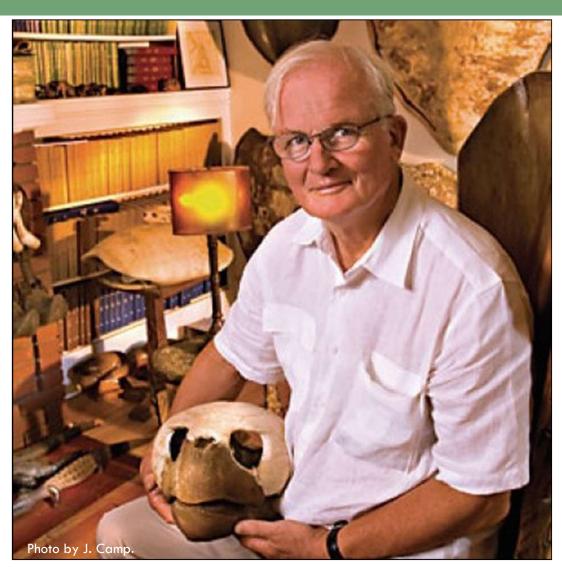
Active management and "offensive conservation".





...but data is required to determine if it can actually increase recruitment (1981).

Fair enough Dr. P. Let's see.





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We began our work in 2009 with Blanding's Turtles





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200 head-starts this year.

96.02% cumulative survival rate.

### 2,147 total head-starts released since 2009.



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All of our animals are from in situ incubation.

Ex situ
incubation
may
allow
manipulation
of sex
ratios



... for most species.



Nest Protection

This is a COMMITMENT!





Must check every morning as hatching date approaches.







Could release them right now and likely improve population recruitment.

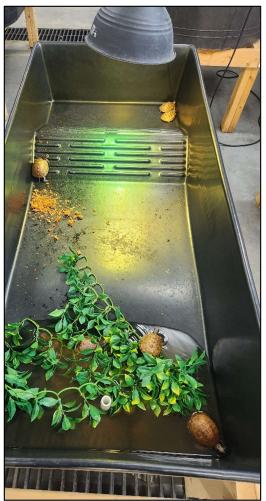
That's called "direct release".





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### Species Appropriate Housing









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### Keep it simple – very simple.





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"Full Spectrum" Lighting & Photoperiod Control.



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#### Diets





Herbivores are difficult!





### Filtration & Cleaning





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#### **TURTLES ARE FILTHY!**







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## Growth Monitoring







Individual Identification Required



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## Growth Monitoring

Individuals will grow at different rates.

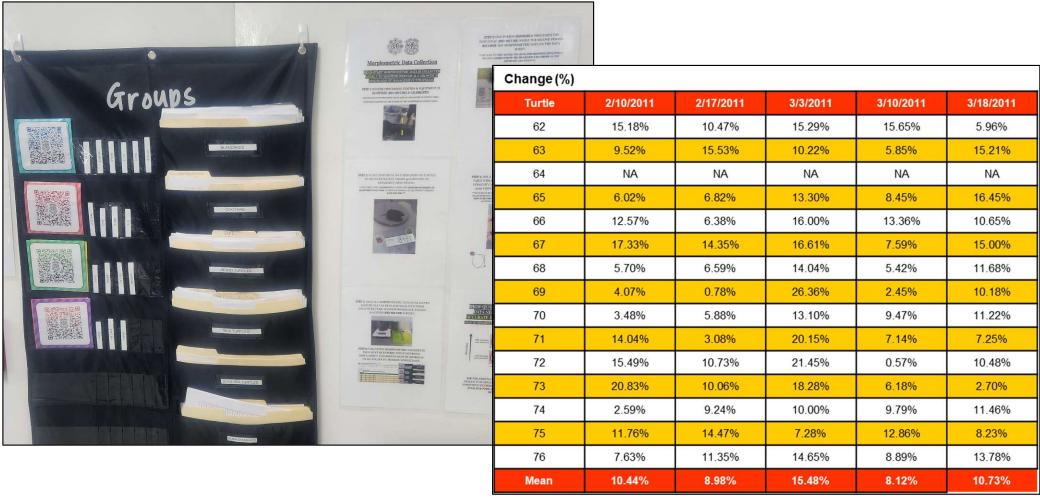
May have to move animals around over time.





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## Growth Monitoring





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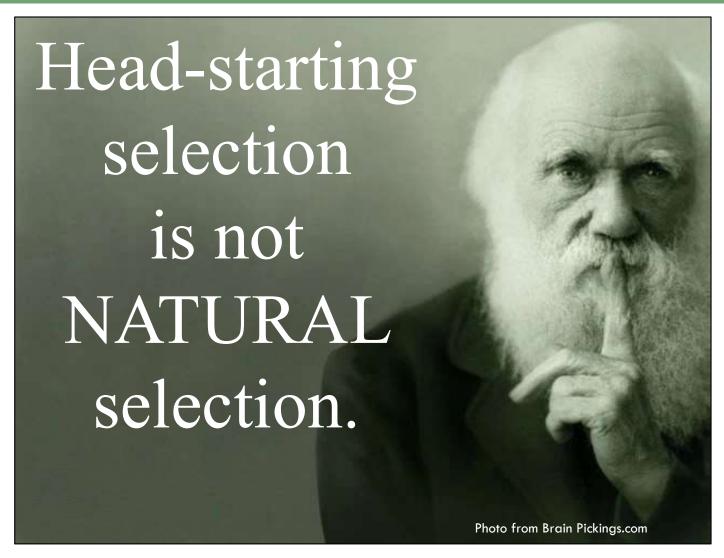
### Growth Monitoring

Tracking growth allows problems to be addressed early.

All for survival of the fittest BUT NOT IN HERE.





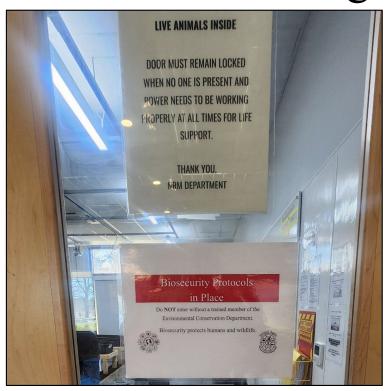


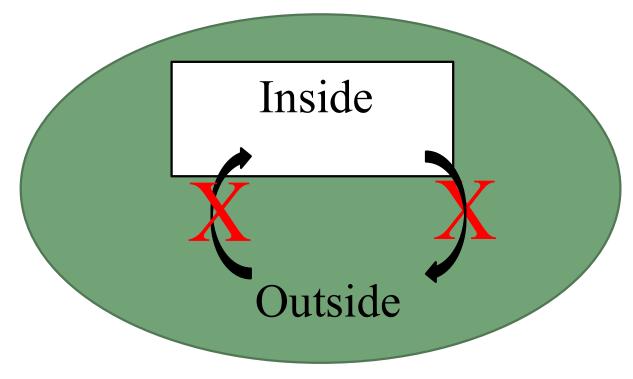




### Biosecurity

Procedures implemented to reduce the probability of introducing disease to a naive population.







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### Biosecurity





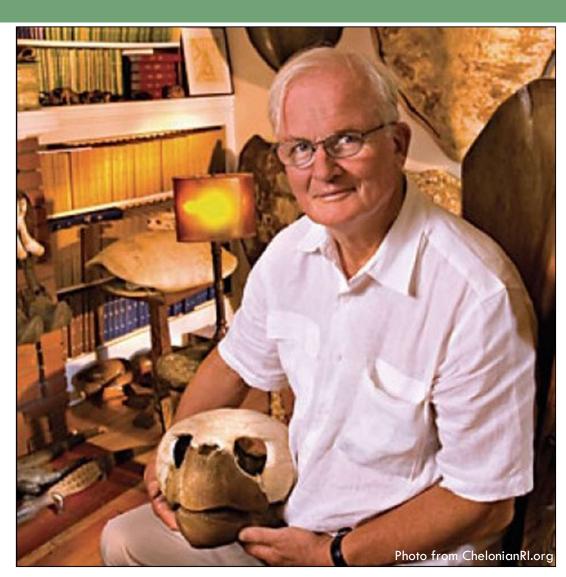


Not merely procedures. Really, it's a way of thinking.



Let's get to the data!

Post-Release Monitoring







### Post-Release Monitoring





Only way to assess efficacy.



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## Post-Release Monitoring

Cohort	Blanding's Turtles # of Head-starts Released (# of Head-starts Recaptured)	% of Head-starts recaptured	# of Direct-releases Released (# of Direct-releases Recaptured)	% of Direct- releases recaptured
2006	7 (0)	0	0 (N/A)	N/A
2007	22 (6)	27%	25 (0)	0
2008	31 (22)	71%	34 (5)	15%
2009	47 (31)	66%	21 (0)	0
2010	54 (26)	48%	0 (N/A)	N/A
2011	91 (50)	55%	94 (12)	13%
2012	120 (18)	15%	154 (6)	4%
2013	68 (4)	6%	73 (0)	0
Total	440 (157)	36%	401 (23)	6%



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### Post-Release Monitoring



#### Direct-Release and Head-started Hatchlings Released

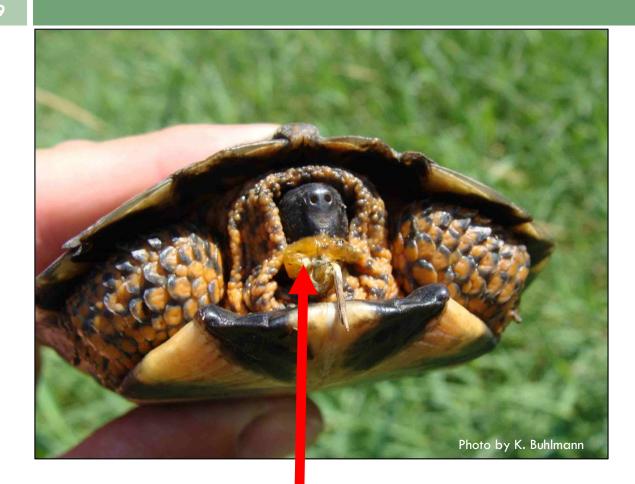
\*recaptures from trapping: 1 week (July 2011) and 1 week (July 2012)

Direct Release Hatchlings	Head-Started Hatchlings
	7
25	22 (1)
34 (1)	32 (5)
21	47 (5)
<del>≅</del> 7	57 (1)
94(1)	64 (1)
174 (2)	229 (13)
	 25 34 (1) 21  94 (1)

Congdon life history data: 26% hatchling yr Sx, 72% juvenile Sx (\*3) 2008: 32 hatchlings x .26 x .72 x .72 x .72 = 3 1 turtles predicted

Date from K. Buhlmann...





Slug Guts

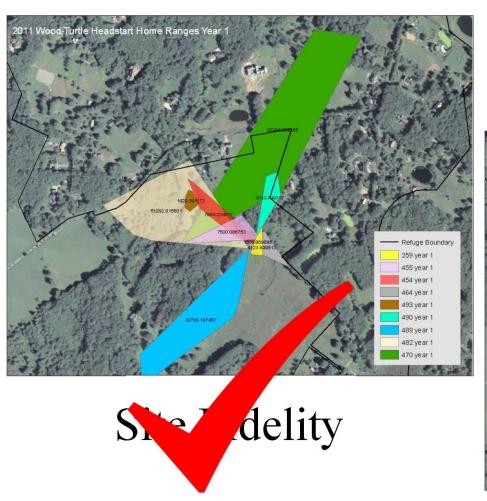
Many of our released wood turtle head-starts are observed eating natural diets.





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### Post-Release Monitoring





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Maps from K. Buhlmann



### Post-Release Monitoring

Head-Start 472
Mating with
(adult) Female 12

He is six years old in this photograph.



Photo from C. Osborn



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Reproduct e Success





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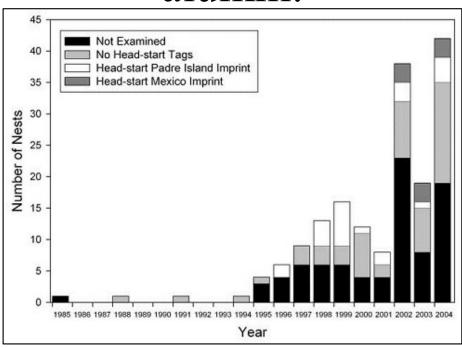
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### Post-Release Monitoring



Established new nesting beach in the US.

Increasing numbers of breeding head-start "alumni."



Figures from USF&WS..



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Blanding's Turtle

Horribly picky eaters!

Will change color.

Grow like rocks.

### ... or Species Idiosyncrasies





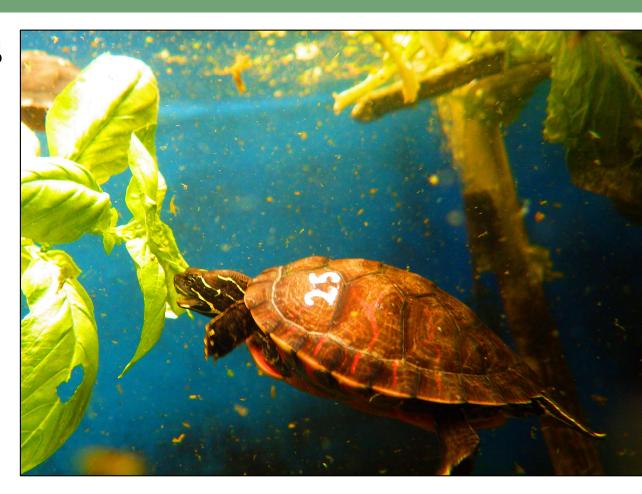
Redbelly Cooters

Extremely low mortality.

Grow fast!

Lots of food.

Lots of waste.



And herbivores are difficult.



Wood Turtle

Easy feeders.

Very messy!

Climb like monkeys.





Snapping Turtle

Take a long time to begin feeding.

Really tough on tank mates.

Best kept singly.





### Diamondback Terrapin

VERY small at hatching.

Complex natural history.

Eat a LOT!

Some salt may improve growth rate.





Eastern Box Turtle

Need lots of cover.

May need coaxing to start eating.

Can grow too fast.

Horrible little monsters!





# Questions?

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